New Americans in Marion County, IN







A Snapshot of Demographic and Economic Characteristics of Immigrants in the County¹

Since the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic, local leaders in communities across the country have been working tirelessly to ensure that all community members have access to the services and support they need. The immigrant population is both essential to our country's rapid response efforts and especially vulnerable to gaps in our social safety nets. Understanding this population will help better inform local leaders as they aim to implement inclusive emergency response policies.

OVERVIEW

86,681

Immigrant Residents, 2018



32,660

Undocumented Immigrants, 2018

37.7%

UndocumentedShare of Immigrants, 2018

24,851

Immigrants who were **Naturalized** U.S. Citizens, 2018



28.7%

Naturalized Share of Immigrants, 2018

10,475

Immigrants who were Likely **Refugees**, 2018²



12.1%

Share of Immigrants who were Likely **Refugees**, 2018

3,094

DACA-Eligible Immigrants, 2018



3.6%

DACA-Eligible Share of Immigrants, 2018

LANGUAGE

Top Five Languages Immigrants Spoke at Home Other than English

SPANISH	43.6%
SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA ³	7.1%
BURMESE, LISU, LOLO	7.0%
CHINESE	4.2%
HINDI & RELATED	4.2%

30.3% of immigrants, or **26,230**, living in the county had limited English language proficiency. Among them, the top three languages spoken at home other than English were:

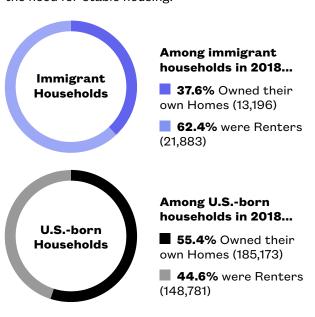
- SPANISH (69.5%)
- BURMESE, LISU, LOLO (13.1%)
- CHINESE (5.7%)

Immigrants serve in essential industries and carry out vital roles that keep the country functioning. In Marion County, immigrants are working in frontline and essential industries during the Covid-19 crisis.

Number of Immigrants	Industry	Share of Workforce
6,801	FOOD SECTOR⁴	14.9%
3,244	TRANSPORTATION & WAREHOUSING ⁵	13.5%
4,139	HEALTHCARE	7.6%

HOUSING CONDITIONS

The COVID-19 economic upheaval has highlighted the need for stable housing.



- 1 Unless otherwise specified, data comes from 5-year samples of the American Community Survey from 2018 and figures refer to Marion County, Indiana.
- 2 New American Economy. 2017. "From Struggle to Resilience: The Economic Impact of Refugees in America."
- 3 This is a group of languages designated in the American Community Survey that includes Nilo-Saharan, Fur, Songhai, Bantu, Swahili, Mande, and Fulani.
- 4 The food sector includes agriculture, food processing, food wholesale trade, grocery stores and supermarkets, and restaurants and food services.

HEALTHCARE COVERAGE

Access to healthcare and medical services remains critical during this pandemic.

111,799

Number of Residents without Health Insurance, 2018

29,448

Number of Immigrant Residents without Health Insurance, 2018



ENTREPRENEURS

While all Americans are struggling to adapt to their new reality in a time of economic shutdown, entrepreneurs within particularly vulnerable industries in the county face severe challenges posed by the crisis.

Number of Entrepreneurs	Industry	Share of Entrepreneurs who are Immigrants
6,505	CONSTRUCTION	35.2%
3,863	GENERAL SERVICES ⁶	15.2%
7,146	PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS SERVICES ⁷	7.5%

- 5 These industries include rail, water, truck, and pipeline transportation, bus and public transit, postal service, couriers and messengers, warehousing and storage.
- 6 General services include personal services (e.g. laundry services, barber shops, and repair and maintenance), religious organizations, social services, and labor unions.
- 7 Most of these industries include professions that require a degree or a license, such as legal services, accounting, scientific research, consulting services, etc.